

Maintenance advice

1. Table-tops and seat panels/shells made of wood, polypropylene, polyethylene or polyurethane.
May be cleaned with a damp, soft cloth or sponge using lukewarm water. Neutral diluted detergent may also be used in lukewarm water.
Strong detergents which contain bleach or which have an abrasive effect (such as scouring creams) should be avoided at all costs.

2. Laminate surfaces
May be cleaned with strong products such as normal detergents for domestic surfaces diluted in lukewarm water, provided that they are not abrasive and do not contain acids or bleach. Avoid sponges and scourers made from synthetic fibres or metal which may leave permanent scratches on the surfaces.

3. Chrome, anodised or lacquered surfaces
May be cleaned with strong products such as normal detergents for domestic surfaces diluted in lukewarm water, provided that they are not abrasive and do not contain acids or bleach. Avoid sponges and scourers made from synthetic fibres or metal which may leave permanent scratches on the surfaces. The products must be properly rinsed so that traces of the detergents do not spoil the special finish by causing the surface to turn opaque or to oxidise. After washing, dry it with a chamois leather. Polishes for chromed or lacquered finishes are not recommended: they should be used with caution and only by experts since the abrasive action may irreparably damage the surfaces.

4. Fabrics
Cleaning on a regular basis is important to keep upholstery in the best conditions and guarantee a long life. Dust and dirt ruin the fabric. Vacuum clean regularly (also at a low power level), preferably once a week. Remove non-oil based stains by gently moistening them with a clean lint-free cloth or a sponge dampened in warm water and then wrung. If necessary, subsequently damp the cloth in warm soapy water or water and liquid dish detergent (see Formulas below). Then rinse the upholstery with clean lukewarm water. Formulas: the soapy solutions consists of $\frac{1}{4}$ soap flakes per each liter of warm water. Cool water before use. The solution containing liquid dish detergent consists of maximum 1 teaspoon of detergent per each liter of water. Use only a few drops of product in case of concentrated dish detergent.

5. Hard leather grade 1, hard leather grade 2 and soft leather
Must not be cleaned with water as this may leave marks. It is better to use quality products for cleaning leather, carefully following the instructions of the manufacturer of the cleaning product. In case of doubt test the product on a small area which is normally hidden from view in order to check the result, waiting at least 24 hours to allow any possible problems to develop.

6. Stainless steel
Clean regularly (every 15 to 20 days) with a soft damp cloth or with special products for cleaning stainless steel available on the market.

7. Faux leather
May be cleaned with a damp, soft cloth using lukewarm water.